

Knowledge - Module

Financial accounting

Time allowed : 15 minutes for reading and planning
3 hours for writing

July 2 – 2026

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This question paper must not be removed from the examination hall.

F3
Paper

The Accountancy & Audit Profession
Org. Council - Sudan

AAPOC

Financial accounting F3
Part (A)
35 Questions, 2 Marks each
(Answer all Questions)

Question 1:

At 1 January 2005 , Mary had motor vehicles which cost \$ 15,000 . On 31 August 2005 she sold a motor vehicle for \$ 5,000 which had originally cost \$ 8,000 and which had a carrying amount of \$ 4,000 at the date of disposal . She purchased a new motor vehicle which costs \$ 10,000 on 30 November 2005 .

Mary's policy is to depreciate motor vehicles at a rate of 25 % pa on the straight - line basis , based on the number of months ' ownership .

What was the depreciation charge for the year ended 31 December 2005 ?

\$

Question 2:

A non - current asset was purchased at the beginning of Year 1 for \$ 2,400 and depreciated by 20% pa by the reducing - balance method .

At the beginning of Year 4 it was sold for \$ 1,200 .

What was the profit or loss on disposal of the asset ?

- A. a loss on disposal of \$ 240.00 .
- B. a loss on disposal of \$ 28.80 .
- C. a profit on disposal of \$ 28.80 .
- D. a profit on disposal of \$ 240.00 .

Question 3:

Giles bought a new machine from abroad . The machine cost \$ 100,000 and delivery and installation costs were \$ 7,000 . Testing it amounted to \$ 5,000 . Training employees on how to use the machine cost of \$ 1,000 .

What amount should be capitalised as the cost of the machine in the statement of financial position ?

\$

Question 4:

On 1 April 2004 the balance on B's retained earnings was \$ 50,000 credit . The balance on 31 March 2005 was \$ 100,000 credit . On 10 March 2005 dividends of \$ 50,000 were declared in respect of the year ended 31 March 2005 , payable on 31 May 2005 .

Based on this information , profit after tax (but before dividends) for the year ended 31 March 2005 was :

- A. Nil
- B. \$ 50,000
- C. \$ 100,000
- D. \$ 150,000

QUESTION 5:

A company has the following share capital :

	Authorised	Issued
	<u>\$ 000</u>	<u>\$ 000</u>
25c ordinary shares	8.000	4,000
6 % 50c preference shares	2,000	1,000

In addition to providing for the year's preference dividend , an ordinary dividend of 2c per share is to be paid before the year end .

What are total dividends for the year ?

- A. \$ 140,000
- B. \$ 380,000
- C. \$ 440,000
- D. \$ 760,000

QUESTION 6:

Evans had the following balances in its statement of financial positions as at 30 June 2004 and 2005 :

	<u>2004</u>	<u>2005</u>
10 % Loan notes	\$ 150,000	\$ 130,000
Share capital	\$ 100,000	\$ 120,000
Share premium	\$ 35,000	\$ 45,000

How much will appear in the statement of cash flows for the ended 30 June 2005 under the heading of ' Financing activities ' ?

\$

QUESTION 7:

Sat is the sole subsidiary of Shindo . The cost of sales figures for 2011 for Sat and Shindo were \$ 11 million and \$ 10 million respectively . During 2011 Shindo sold goods which had cost \$ 2 million to Sat for \$ 3 million . Sat has not yet sold any of these goods .

What is the consolidated cost of sales figure for 2011 ?

- A. \$ 16 million
- B. \$ 18 million
- C. \$ 19 million
- D. \$ 20 million

Question 8:

At 30 April 2015 , Gareth had a receivables balance of \$ 50,000 and an allowance for receivables of \$ 800 . Following a review of receivables , Gareth wishes to write off an irrecoverable debt of \$ 1,000 and increase the allowance for receivables by \$ 1,650 .

What will be the net balance included in the statement of financial position for receivables at 30 April 2015 ?

\$

Question 9:

From the following information regarding the year to 31 March 2016 , what are the current and quick ratios ?

		\$
	Inventory	5,320
	Receivables	10,420
	Cash at bank	3,200
	Payables	4,100
	Overdraft	3,121
	Current ratio	Quick ratio
A.	2.62	1.89
B.	2.62	3.84
C.	3.86	2.56
D.	4.62	3.32

Question 10:

Sale are \$ 260,000 . Purchases are \$ 150,000 . Opening inventory is \$ 22,000 . Closing inventory is \$ 26,000 .

What is the inventory turnover ?

- A. 5.6 times
- B. 10 times
- C. 7 times
- D. 10.8 times

Question 11:

A sole trader's accounts show an increase in net assets over a year of \$ 173,000 . Drawings were \$ 77,000 and capital introduced was \$ 45,000 .

What was the net profit for the year ?

\$

Question 12:

Capital introduced is \$ 50 . Profits brought forward at the beginning of the year amount to \$ 100 and liabilities are \$ 70 . Assets are \$ 90 .

What is the retained profit for the year ?

- A. \$ 130 profit
- B. \$ 130 loss
- C. \$ 10 profit
- D. \$ 10 loss

QUESTION 13:

On 1 April 2017 Possum Co acquired 60 % of the share capital of Koala Co for \$ 120,000 . During the year Possum Co sold goods to Koala Co for \$ 30,000 , including a profit margin of 25 % 40 % of these goods were still in inventory at the year end .

The following extract was taken from the financial statements of Possum Co and Koala Co at 31 March 2018 .

	Possum Co	Koala Co
	\$ 000	\$ 000
Revenue	750	400
Cost of sales	<u>(420)</u>	<u>(100)</u>
Gross profit	<u>330</u>	<u>300</u>

What is the consolidated gross profit of the Possum group at 31 March 2018 ?

- A. \$ 627,600

- B. \$ 633,000
- C. \$ 622,500
- D. \$ 627,000

QUESTION 14:

Which one of the following would help a company with high gearing to reduce its gearing ratio ?

- A. Making a rights issue of equity shares
- B. Issuing further long - term loan notes
- C. Making a bonus issue of shares
- D. Paying dividends on its equity shares

QUESTION 15:

A company's gross profit as a percentage of sales increased from 24 % in the year ended 31 December 2011 to 27 % in the year ended 31 December 2012

Which of the following events is most likely to have caused the increase ?

- A. An increase in sales volume
- B. A purchase in December 2011 mistakenly being recorded as happening in January 2012
- C. Overstatement of the closing inventory at 31 December 2011
- D. Understatement of the closing inventory at 31 December 2011

QUESTION 16:

Why do we prepare a trial balance ?

- A. To test the accuracy of the double entry bookkeeping records
- B. To prepare management accounts
- C. To prepare financial statements
- D. To clear the suspense account

QUESTION 17:

Which of the following statements are correct ?

1. If company A has an investment in company B that gives it control over the company B , then company B is classified as a subsidiary in the consolidated financial statements of company A.
 2. If a company has associates , but not subsidiaries , it will not prepare consolidated financial statements .
 3. If a company has a 21 % investment in the voting equity of another company , it will account for its investment using the equity method in the consolidated financial statements .
- A. 1 and 2
 - B. 2 and 3

- C. All three statements are correct
- D. None of the statements are correct

QUESTION 18:

The Statement of financial position of Jardino includes the following information :

	\$
- Non - current assets	219,650
- Current assets	124,800
- Current liabilities	64,290

What is the amount of working capital ?

- A. \$ 60,510
- B. \$ 64,290
- C. \$ 124,800
- D. \$ 280,160

QUESTION 19:

A company issues 50,000 SDG 1 shares at a price of SDG 1.25 per share, how much should be posted to the share premium account?

- A. SDG 50,000
- B. SDG 12,500
- C. SDG 62,500
- D. SDG 60,000

QUESTION 20:

A particular source of finance has the following characteristics : A fixed return , a fixed repayment date , it is secured and the return is classified as an expense .

Is the source of finance ?

- A. Ordinary share ?
- B. Hire purchase ?
- C. Debenture ?
- D. Preference share ?

QUESTION 21:

At 1 January 2015 Hassan had a prepayment of 200 SDG in respect of rent . He paid 1,200 SDG on 1 March 2015 in respect of the year ended 28 February 2016 .

What is the charge to the income statement in respect of rent for the year ended 31 December 2016 ?

- A. 1,400 SDG
- B. 1,200 SDG
- C. 1,100 SDG
- D. 1,300 SDG

QUESTION 22:

Carol owns a shop . The only information available for the year ended 31 December 2005 is as follows :

Inventory at 1 January 2005	\$ 3,500
Inventory at 31 December 2005	\$ 1,350
Sales	\$ 17,000
Gross profit margin	25 %

What were the purchases of the shop for the year ?

- A. \$ 11,450
- B. \$ 12,750
- C. \$ 14,900
- D. \$ 10,600

QUESTION 23:

Jam is preparing its financial statements for the year ended 30 June 2017 . Its draft trial balance includes :

1. A balance for office expenses (including rent) paid in the financial year of \$ 89,100
2. A balance for prepayment of rent at 1 July 2016 of \$ 9,500

On 31 May 2017 Jared paid three months ' rent in advance of \$ 15,300 .

Which of the following will be the figure for office expenses in Jam's statement of profit or loss for the year ended 30 June 2017 ?

- A. \$ 60,400
- B. \$ 88,400
- C. \$ 89,100
- D. \$ 93,500

QUESTION 24:

Brindal acquired five apartments on 1 June 2016 and immediately rented them out to different tenants .

Brindal has a credit balance on its rent receivable account in the trial balance extracted as at 31 May 2017 of \$ 22,850 . The bookkeeper has calculated that rents in arrears as at 31 May 2017 amounted to \$ 4,490 and rents in advance at the same date amounted to \$ 7,720 .

What was Brindal's rental income for the year ended 31 May 2017 ?

- A. \$ 19,620
- B. \$ 22,850

- C. \$ 26,080
- D. \$ 37,340

QUESTION 25:

Sam's statement of profit or loss for the year ended 31 December 2016 showed a profit of \$ 83,600 . It was later found that \$ 18,000 paid for the purchase of a motor vehicle on 1 January 2016 had been debited to motor expenses account . It is the company's policy to depreciate motor vehicles at 25 % per year .

What is Sam's profit for the year after adjusting for this error ?

- A. \$ 70,100
- B. \$ 97,100
- C. \$ 101,600
- D. \$ 106,100

QUESTION 26:

Randolph started a trading business on 1 May 2016 with capital of \$ 40,000 . In his first year of trading he made a profit of \$ 117,000 , selling goods at a mark - up on cost of 60 % . He injected additional capital of \$ 30,000 in the year and withdrew a monthly amount of \$ 3,200 for his living expenses . At the end of the year he withdrew all remaining goods inventory with a resale value of \$ 7,200 for his personal use .

What were Randolph's net assets at 30 April 2017 ?

- A. \$ 141,400
- B. \$ 144,100
- C. \$ 144,280
- D. \$ 179,300

QUESTION 27:

At 1 May 2006 , Bloxden had a revaluation surplus \$ 1,257,000 in respect of the revaluation of its head office .

During the year to 30 April 2007 , the value of the head office was increased by a further \$ 82,000 . In the same period , the value of the company's factory fell by \$ 90,000 .

What amount of revaluation surplus should appear in Bloxden's statement of financial position at 30 April 2007 ?

- A. \$ 1,167,000
- B. \$ 1,249,000
- C. \$ 1,257,000
- D. \$ 1,339,000

QUESTION 28:

On 1 January 2016 a company purchased some plant . The invoice showed:

	\$
Cost of plant	48,000
Delivery to factory	400
One year warranty covering breakdown during 2016	<u>800</u>
	<u>49,200</u>

Modifications to the factory building costing \$ 2,200 were necessary to enable the plant to be installed .

What amount should be capitalised for the plant in the company's records in accordance with IAS

16 Property . Plant and Equipment ?

- A. \$ 48,000
- B. \$ 48,400
- C. \$ 50,600
- D. 51,400

QUESTION 29:

Which of the following statements are correct ?

- (1) All non - current assets must be depreciated
- (2) If goodwill is revalued , the revaluation surplus appears in the statement of changes in equity
- (3) If a tangible non - current asset is revalued , all tangible assets of the same class should be revalued
- (4) In a company's published statement of financial position , tangible assets and intangible assets must be shown separately

- A. 1 and 2
- B. 1 and 4
- C. 2 and 3
- D. 3 and 4

QUESTION 30:

Which of the following items could appear in a company's statement of cash flows ?

- (1) Proposed dividends
 - (2) Rights issue of shares
 - (3) Bonus issue of shares
 - (4) Repayment of loan
- A. 1 and 3
 - B. 1 and 4
 - C. 2 and 3
 - D. 2 and 4

QUESTION 31:

Should dividends paid appear on the face of a company's income statement ?

- A. Yes
- B. No

QUESTION 32:

A draft statement of cash flows contains the following calculation of net cash inflow from operating activities :

	Sm
Operating profit	13
Depreciation	2
Decrease in inventories	(3)
Decrease in trade and other receivables	5
Decrease in trade payables	<u>4</u>
Net cash inflow from operating activities	<u>21</u>

Which of the following corrections need to be made to the calculation ?

- (1) Depreciation should be deducted , not added
 - (2) Decrease in inventories should be added , not deducted
 - (3) Decrease in receivables should be deducted , not added
 - (4) Decrease in payables should be deducted , not added
- A. 1 and 3
 - B. 1 and 4
 - C. 2 and 3
 - D. 2 and 4

QUESTION 33:

At 1 November 2015 the non - current assets of Field had a carrying amount of \$ 2,758,940 , During the year to 31 October 2016 , assets with a carrying amount of \$ 273,790 were sold at a loss of \$ 15,850 , and new assets costing \$ 568,900 were purchased .

What figure should appear for net cash used in investing cash flows in the statement of cash flows for the year to 31 October 2016 ?

- A. \$ 257,940
- B. \$ 295,110
- C. \$ 310,960
- D. \$ 568,900

QUESTION 34:

Salt owns 100 % of Pepper . During the year Salt sold goods to Pepper for a sales price of \$ 1,044,000 , generating a margin of 25 % 40 % of these goods had been sold on by Pepper to external parties at the end of the reporting period .

What adjustment for unrealised profit should be made in Salt's consolidated financial statements ?

- A. \$ 83,520
- B. \$ 104,400
- C. \$ 125,280
- D. \$ 156,600

QUESTION 35:

Irrecoverable debts are SDG 5,000 . Trade accounts receivable at the yearend are SDG 120,000 . If an allowance for receivables of 5 % of trade receivables is required , what is the entry for irrecoverable debts and allowance for receivables in the statement of profit or loss ?

- A. SDG 5,000
- B. SDG 11,000
- C. SDG 6,000
- D. SDG 10,750

Part (B)
Answer All Questions

Question 1:

The trial balance of X Ltd fails to agree . You are convinced that the error lies somewhere in the debtors or creditors ledgers , and in consequence you decide to prepare control accounts for those ledgers in order to locate the error . From the following information you are required to prepare those control accounts and to ascertain the amount of the error , and where it may be found .

	<u>SDG</u>
- Purchase ledger balance brought forward	6,267
- Purchase for year	81,062
- Returns inwards	2,416
- Cheques paid to suppliers	75,261
- Discount allowed	3,016
- Returns outwards	792
- Cash and cheque received from customers	94,617
- Discounts received	1,023
- Sales ledger balance brought forward	11,168
- Sales to customers for year	102,413
- Balance in sales ledger set of against balance in purchases ledger	719
- Bad debts written off	217
- Cheque dishonored	98
- The detailed balance taken from the personnel ledgers were :	
Creditors	SDG 9,534
Debtors	SDG 12,616

You are required :

Prepare those control accounts and to ascertain the amount of the error , and where it may be found .

(15 mark)

Question 2:

The statements of profit or loss for two companies , P and S , for the year ended 31 December 2011 are presented below :

P	S
\$000	\$000

Revenue	950	423
Cost of sales	<u>(400)</u>	<u>(150)</u>
Gross profit	550	273
Administrative expenses	<u>(200)</u>	<u>(120)</u>
Operating profit	350	153
Investment income	60	20
Finance costs	-	<u>(5)</u>
Profit before tax	410	168
Taxation	<u>(100)</u>	<u>(33)</u>
Profit for the year	<u>310</u>	<u>135</u>

The following notes are relevant to the preparation of the consolidated financial statements :

- (i) P bought 80 % of the ordinary shares in S on 1 January 2010 .
- (ii) During the year ended 31 December 2011 , S sold goods to P for \$ 50,000 making a gross profit margin of 20 % . All of these goods remained in the inventory of P at the year end .

(a) Using the individual company financial statements , calculate the following ratios for P and S for the year ended 31 December 2011 :

- (i) Gross profit margin
- (ii) Operating profit margin
- (iii) Receivables collection period

Assume that P has receivables of \$ 200,000 and that S has receivables of \$ 150,000 .

All answers should be rounded to one decimal place .

(6 marks)

(b) Prepare a consolidated statement of profit or loss for the year ended 31 December 2011 .

(9 marks)